- WAC 172-90-100 Violations and sanctions. (1) Violations: Violations of academic integrity involve the use or attempted use of any method or technique enabling a student to misrepresent the quality or integrity of any of his or her work. Violations of academic integrity include, but are not limited to:
- (a) Plagiarism: Representing the work of another as one's own work;
- (b) Preparing work for another that is to be used as that person's own work;
  - (c) Cheating by any method or means;
- (d) Knowingly and willfully falsifying or manufacturing scientific or educational data and representing the same to be the result of scientific or scholarly experiment or research; or
- (e) Knowingly furnishing false information to a university official relative to academic matters.
  - (2) Classes of violations:
- (a) Class I violations are acts that are mostly due to ignorance, confusion and/or poor communication between instructor and class, such as an unintentional violation of the class rules on collaboration. Sanctions for class I offenses typically include a reprimand, educational opportunity, and/or a grade penalty on the assignment/test.
- (b) Class II violations are acts involving a deliberate failure to comply with assignment directions, some conspiracy and/or intent to deceive, such as use of the internet when prohibited, fabricated endnotes or data, or copying answers from another student's test. Sanctions for class II offenses typically include similar sanctions as described for class I violations, as well as a course grade penalty or course failure.
- (c) Class III violations are acts of violation of academic integrity standards that involve significant premeditation, conspiracy and/or intent to deceive, such as purchasing or selling a research paper. Sanctions for class III violations typically include similar sanctions as given for class I and II violations, as well as possible removal from the academic program and/or suspension or expulsion.
- (3) **Sanctions:** A variety of sanctions may be applied in the event that a violation of academic integrity is found to have occurred. Sanctions are assigned based primarily on the class of the violation and whether or not the student has previously violated academic integrity rules. Absent extenuating circumstances, assigned sanctions are imposed without delay and are not held in abeyance during appeal actions. Sanctions may be combined and may include, but are not limited to:
  - (a) Verbal or written reprimand;
- (b) Educational opportunity, such as an assignment, research or taking a course or tutorial on academic integrity;
  - (c) Grade penalty for the assignment/test;
  - (d) Course grade penalty;
  - (e) Course failure;
  - (f) Removal from the academic program;
  - (g) Suspension for a definite period of time; and
  - (h) Expulsion from the university.
- If a student was previously found to have violated an academic integrity standard, the sanction imposed for any subsequent violations should take into account the student's previous behavior. Sanctions of suspension or expulsion may be noted on a student's transcript.
  - (4) Sanctioning authorities:

- (a) Instructors may impose reprimands, educational opportunities, grade penalties, and/or course failure sanctions and may recommend more severe sanctions.
- (b) The academic integrity board (AIB) has the authority to impose the same sanctions as an instructor, or to modify any sanctions imposed by the instructor. In addition, the AIB may remove a student from an academic program, with the concurrence of the instructor and the department chair.
- (c) If, after determining that a student has engaged in an academic integrity code violation and imposing the academic sanctions identified in (a) and/or (b) of this subsection, the AIB believes that a suspension or expulsion may be appropriate, the AIB may, in addition to imposing such sanctions, refer the case to the director of student rights and responsibilities for a full hearing under the student conduct code, chapter 172-121 WAC. If the AIB recommends a case for a possible suspension or expulsion, the director of student rights and responsibilities will ensure the student is provided with a full hearing under the student conduct code, chapter 172-121 WAC. In such cases, a member of the AIB hearing panel will provide a written statement for the student conduct hearing as to why the case has been forwarded to student rights and responsibilities. The student disciplinary council will make its own factual determinations and may impose a sanction of suspension or expulsion, or a lesser sanction as set forth in the student conduct code, in accordance with the student conduct code. The student disciplinary council cannot impose an academic sanction as those are determined by the AIB. The student disciplinary council's sanctions are in addition to any sanctions imposed by the AIB.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 28B.35.120(12). WSR 22-12-042, § 172-90-100, filed 5/25/22, effective 6/25/22. Statutory Authority: RCW 28B.35.120(12) and 42.56.070. WSR 19-07-045, § 172-90-100, filed 3/14/19, effective 4/14/19; WSR 18-06-020, § 172-90-100, filed 2/27/18, effective 3/30/18. Statutory Authority: RCW 28B.35.120(12). WSR 17-11-052, § 172-90-100, filed 5/15/17, effective 6/15/17; WSR 15-14-079, § 172-90-100, filed 6/29/15, effective 7/30/15; WSR 14-20-082, § 172-90-100, filed 9/29/14, effective 10/30/14.]